ATOMIC ENERGY CENTRAL SCHOOL NO. 2, MUMBAI MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS EXAMINATION – 2(MCQ-2)

DATE: 05.08.2025 CLASS: **X** MAX. MARKS: 120

	Section A (Mathematics)
1	In a cyclic quadrilateral ABCD, it is being given that $\angle A = (x + y + 10)^{\circ} \angle B = (y + 20)^{\circ}$, $\angle C = (x + y + 10)^{\circ}$
	$y - 30$)° and $\angle D = (x + y)$ °. Then, $\angle B = ?$
	a) 100° b) 80° c) 70° d) 110°
2	If the pair of equations $3x - y + 8 = 0$ and $6x - ry + 16 = 0$ represent coincident lines, then the value
	of r is:
	a) $-\frac{1}{2}$ b) $\frac{1}{2}$ c) - 2 d) 2
3	a) $-\frac{1}{2}$ b) $\frac{1}{2}$ c) - 2 d) 2 If x - y = 2 and $\frac{2}{x+y} = \frac{1}{5}$ then
	a) $x = 6$, $y = 4$ b) $x = 4$, $y = 2$ c) $x = 5$, $y = 3$ d) $x = 7$, $y = 5$
4	When L ₁ and L ₂ are coincident, then the graphical solution of system of linear equation have
	a) infinite number of solutions b) no solution c) unique solution d) one solution
5	The ratio of a 2 - digit number to the sum of digits of that number is 4 : 1. If the digit in the units
	place is 3 more than the digit in the tens place, then what is the number?
	a) 63 b) 36 c) 24 d) 40
6	Two lines are given to be parallel. The equation of one of these lines is $5x - 3y = 2$. The equation of
	the second line can be:
	a) - $15x + 9y = 5$ b) - $15x - 9y = 5$ c) $9x - 15y = 6$ d) $15x + 9y = 5$
7	The pair of linear equations $4x + 6y = 9$ and $2x + 3y = 6$ has
	a) many solutions b) no solution c) two solution d) one solution
8	Value of x in pair of linear equations $36x + 24y = 702$ and $24x + 36y = 558$ is
	a) 16 b) $\frac{145}{7}$ c) 17 d) $\frac{33}{2}$
9	The pair of linear equations $2x = 5y + 6$ and $15y = 6x - 18$ represents two lines which are:
	a) parallel b) coincident c) intersecting d) either intersecting or parallel
10	If $x = -y$ and $y > 0$, which of the following is wrong?
	a) $x^2 y > 0$ b) $\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{y} = 0$ c) $xy < 0$ d) $x + y = 0$
11	x^2 - $6ax = -6a^2$ discriminant of the given equation is
	a) $2a^2$ b) $4a^2$ c) $6a^2$ d) $12a^2$
12	$3x^2 + 2x - 1 = 0$ have
	a) No Real roots b) Real roots c) real and equal root d) Real and Distinct roots
13	If one root of the equation $2x^2 + ax + 6 = 0$ is 2 then $a = ?$
	a) 7 b) $\frac{7}{2}$ c) $\frac{-7}{2}$ d) - 7 If the equation $4x^2$ - $3kx + 1 = 0$ has equal roots then $k = ?$
14	If the equation $4x^2 - 3kx + 1 = 0$ has equal roots then $k = ?$
	a) $\pm \frac{4}{3}$ b) $\pm \frac{1}{3}$ c) $\pm \frac{2}{3}$ d) $\pm \frac{3}{4}$
15	A two - digit number is such that the product of the digits is 20. When 9 is added to the number then
	the digits interchange their places. The number is
	a) 54 b) 45 c) 50 d) 55
16	The product of two successive integral multiples of 5 is 1050. Then the numbers are
	a) 30 and 35 b) 35 and 40 c) 25 and 35 d) 25 and 30
17	Which of the following equations has two distinct real roots?
	a) $5x^2 - 3x + 1 = 0$ b) $x^2 + x + 5 = 0$ c) $x^2 + x - 5 = 0$ d) $4x^2 - 3x + 1 = 0$

18	A two digit number is such that the product of the digits is 12. When 36 is added to the number then
	the digits interchange their places. The number is
	a) 26 b) 43 c) 34 d) 62
19	The quadratic equation $2x^2 - \sqrt{5}x + 1 = 0$ has
	a) two distinct real roots b) more than 2 real roots c) no real root d) two equal real roots
20	The hypotenuse of a right triangle is 6m more than twice the shortest side. The third side is 2m less
	than the hypotenuse. The representation of the above situation in the form of a quadratic equation is
	a) $(2x - 6)^2 = x^2 - (2x - 4)^2$ b) $(2x + 6)^2 = x^2 - (2x + 4)^2$
	c) $(2x + 6)^2 + x^2 = (2x + 4)^2$ d) $(2x + 6)^2 = x^2 + (2x + 4)^2$
21	If the sum of the n terms of an A.P is $2n^2 + 5n$, then its nth term is
	a) $n - 4$ b) $4n + 3$ c) $4n - 3$ d) $3n + 4$
22	A thief runs away from a police station with a uniform speed of 100 m/minute. After one minute a
	policeman runs behind the thief to catch him. He goes at speed of 100 m/minute in first minute and increases his speed 10 m each succeeding minute. After how many minutes, the policeman will catch
	the thief?
	a) 3 mins b) 5 mins c) 2 mins d) 4 mins
23	The sum of first 16 terms of the AP 10, 6, 2, is
23	a) - 400 b) 320 c) - 320 d) 352
24	The common difference of the A.P whose $a_n = -3n + 7$ is
	a) 3 b) 1 c) 2 d) - 3
25	If S_n denotes the sum of the first n terms of an AP. Then, S_{3n} : $(S_{2n} - S_n)$ is
	a) 2n b) 3n c) 3 d) n
26	The number of multiples of 4 lie between 10 and 250 is
	a) 64 b) 62 c) 65 d) 60
27	Which term of the AP 25, 20, 15, is the first negative term?
	a) 9 th b) 7 th c) 10 th d) 8th
28	The sum of the first 21 terms of an A.P 16, 12, 8, 4, is:
20	a) - 484 b) - 504 c) - 480 d) 1176
29	The sum of the first 10 terms of the A.P. z - 8, z - 2, z + 4,, is a) 190 + 10z b) 190 - 10z c) 10z - 190 d) 10z + 180
30	Which term of the A.P 29, - 26, - 23,, 61 is 16?
30	a) 16^{th} b) 10^{th} c) 11^{th} d) 31^{st}
31	The sum of first n terms of an AP is $(3n^2 + 6n)$. The common difference of the AP is
51	a) 6 b) 9 c) 15 d) - 3
32	The sum of first n terms of an AP is $(5n - n^2)$. The nth term of the AP is
	a) (5 - 2n) b) (6 - 2n) c) (2n - 6) d) (2n - 5)
33	The 2nd term of an AP is 13 and its 5th term is 25. What is its 17th term?
	a) 81 b) 73 c) 77 d) 69
34	If the numbers $n - 2$, $4n - 1$ and $5n + 2$ are in AP, the value of n
	a)2 b) 1 c) 3 d) 5
35	In an AP if $a = 1$, an $= 20$ and $Sn = 399$, then n is
	(a) 19 (b) 21 (c) 38 (d) 42
36	In the given figure, DE \parallel BC. Find the value of X.
	x+4 $2x-1$
	$D \longrightarrow E$ a) $\sqrt{3}$ b) $\sqrt{5}$ c) $\sqrt{7}$ d) $\sqrt{6}$
	x+3 $x+1$
	$B \stackrel{\longleftarrow}{} C$

37	XY is drawn paralle	el to the base BC	of a∆ ABC cutting	g AB at X and AC	at Y. If $AB = 4 BX$ and YC
	= 2cm, then AY $=$				
	a) 4 cm	b) 8 cm	c) 2 cm	d) 6 cm	
38	D and E are respect	ively the points or	n the sides AB and	AC of a triangle	ABC such that $AD = 3$ cm,
	BD = 5 cm, BC = 12	$2.8~\mathrm{cm}$ and DE \parallel E	BC. Then length of	DE (in cm) is	
	a) 7.6 cm	b) 2.5 cm	c) 19.2 cm	d) 4.8 cm	1
39	A	In the given fig	gure, $\angle A = \angle C$, A	B = 6 cm, AP = 12	2 cm, CP = 4 cm. Then
		length of CD is	s:		
	E Year				
	P	a) 8 cm	b) 6 cm	c) 18 cm	d) 2 cm
	B	Б			
40	In \triangle ABC. D and E	are points on side	e AB and AC respe	ectively such that l	DE BC and AD : DB =
10	3:1. If EA = 3.3 cm	*		,	11 - 11 - 11
	a) 5.5 cm	b) 4.4 cm	c) 4 cm	d) 1.1 c	m
		<u> </u>	Section – B (So	cience)	
41	The image formed	by a concave mirr	or of focal length :	50 cm is real and o	of magnification – 1. In this
	case the distance be	tween the object	from its own imag	e is	•
	(A) 50 cm	(B) 100 cm	(C) 200	0 cm	(D) zero
42	If a lens can conver	ge the sun rays at	a point 20 cm awa	y from its optical	centre, the
	power of this le	ns is			
	(A) + 2 D	(B) - 2D	(C) + 5	5 D (D)	-5 D
43	The speed of light i	n vacuum is 3x10	⁸ m/s. If the speed	of light in a mediu	m is 2.25 x
	10 ⁸ m/s, the absolute refractive index of the medium is				
	(A) 7/6	(B) 5/4	(C) 4/3	(D) 3/2	
44		ed at the centre of	curvature of a con	cave lens. The im	age formed by the lens
	would be				
	(A) virtual, erect at		· ·		
	(B) virtual, erect and smaller than the object				
	(C) real, inverted and larger than the object(D) real, inverted and same size as the object				
15				1 longth (f) = 10 or	n and height of the image
45	(h) = 7.5 cm. The c	_			if and neight of the image
	(A) $v = -5 \text{ cm}$, $f = -5 \text{ cm}$	=	-	_	h = -7.5 cm
	(C) $v = +5 \text{ cm}, f =$				
46	An object of height				
.0	cm. The object is pl	-		_	•
	the image likely to				•
	(A) ½ times	(B) 3 times	(C) 4 tim	es (D) 2	times
47	of the	human eye contro	ols the amount of li	ght entering into i	t
	(A) Iris	(B) cornea	(C) ciliary		(D) pupil
48	The lens system of	•			called
	, ,	(B) ciliary muscle	, , 1	,	D) Retina
49		e objects distinctly	y kept beyond 2m.	This defect can be	e corrected by using a lens
	of power	(-)		• •	(T) 0.5 =
	(A) + 0.5 D	(B) -0.5 D	(C) + 0		(D) - 0.2 D
50	The phenomenon o	f light involved in	the formation of a	a rainbow in the sk	ty are

	(A) refraction, dispersion, reflection (B) refraction, dispersion, total internal reflection
	(C) dispersion, scattering, reflection (D) dispersion, refraction, internal reflection
51	The clear sky appears blue because
	(A) blue light gets absorbed in the atmosphere
	(B) ultraviolet radiations are absorbed in the atmosphere
	(C) violet& blue lights get scattered more than lights of all other colors by atmosphere
	(D) light of all other colors is scattered more than violet & blue color by atmosphere
52	The focal length of the eye lens increases when eye muscles
	(A) are relaxed and lens becomes thinner (B) contract and lens becomes thicker
	(C) are relaxed and lens becomes thicker (D) contract and lens becomes thinner
53	The danger signals installed at the top of tall buildings are red in colour. These can be
	easily seen from a distance because among all other colours, the red light
	(A) is scattered the most by smoke or fog (B) is scattered the least by smoke or fog
	(C) is absorbed the most by smoke or fog (D) moves fastest in air
54	Na ₂ CO ₃ .10H ₂ O is known as –
	(A) Baking soda (B) Baking powder (C) Washing soda (D) Bleaching powder
55	Which of the following are present in a dilute Aqueous solution of hydrochloric acid?
	(A) H_3O^+ , Cl^- (B) H_3O^+ , OH^-+ (C) Cl^- , OH^- (D) Unionised HCl
56	At what temperature is gypsum heated to form Plaster of Paris?
	(A) 35° C (B) 70° C (C) 80° C (D) 100° C
57	Due to excess passing of CO ₂ through an aqueous solution of slaked lime, its milkiness fades because
	A. Calcium carbonate is produced B. Calcium bi-carbonate is produced
	C. Calcium oxide is produced D. Due to the production of more heat
58	Phenolphthalein's colour in basic medium isbut in acid it is
	A. Pink, Colourless B. Yellow, Pink C. Pink, Orange D. Blue, Red
50	What is formed when zinc reacts with sodium hydroxide?
59	A. Zinc hydroxide and sodium B. Sodium zincate and hydrogen gas
	C. Sodium zinc-oxide and hydrogen gas D. Sodium zincate and hydrogen gas
60	, , ,
00	The following phenomena occur, when a small amount of acid is added to water
	A. ionization B. Neutralization C. Precipitation D. Salt formation
61	Bleaching powder gives smell of chlorine because it
01	A. is unstable B. gives chlorine on exposure to atmosphere
	C. is a mixture of chlorine and slaked lime D. contains excess of chlorine
62	Which of the following salts does not contain water of crystallisation?
	A. Blue vitriol B. Baking soda C. Washing soda D. Gypsum
	71. Blue vitiloi B. Baking soda C. Washing soda B. Gypsuin
63	If a few drops of a concentrated acid accidentally spills over the hand of a student, what should be
	done?
	A. Wash the hand with saline solution.
	take traduction fluing with pulling periodic.
	B. Wash the hand immediately with plenty of water and apply a paste of sodium hydrogen carbonate.
	B. Wash the hand immediately with plenty of water and apply a paste of sodium hydrogen carbonate.C. After washing with plenty of water, apply solution of sodium hydroxide on the hand.
64	B. Wash the hand immediately with plenty of water and apply a paste of sodium hydrogen carbonate. C. After washing with plenty of water, apply solution of sodium hydroxide on the hand. D. Neutralise the acid with a strong alkali
64	B. Wash the hand immediately with plenty of water and apply a paste of sodium hydrogen carbonate.C. After washing with plenty of water, apply solution of sodium hydroxide on the hand.

65	Why does dry hcl gas not change the colour of the dry litmus paper?					
	A. Blue litmus becomes dry in the presence of dry HCl					
	B. No ions will be present litmus changes colour only in the presence of H3O ⁺ ions					
	C. HCL gas acts as a dehydrating agent					
	D. None of the above					
66	A calcium compound reacts with dilute hydrochloric acid to produce effervescence. The gas evolved					
	extinguishes a burning candle. Identify the compound formed and the gas evolved.					
	A. Calcium carbonate carbon dioxide B. Calcium Chloride ,Carbon dioxide					
	B. Calcium Oxide, Hydrogen C. Calcium Carbonate, Hydrogen					
	B. Calcium Galac, Hydrogen C. Calcium Carbonate, Hydrogen					
67	As compared to daytime, the amount of carbon dioxide released by the plants during night is more					
	because:					
	A. Plants do not respire during daytime.					
	B. It is not produced during daytime.					
	C. It is stored in the leaves of plants during daytime.					
	D. Major amount of carbon dioxide produced is used up for photosynthesis during daytime.					
68	Choose the forms in which most plants absorb nitrogen					
	i. Proteins ii. Nitrates and Nitrites iii. Urea iv. Atmospheric nitrogen					
	A. (i) and (ii) B. (i) and (iv) C. (iii) and (iv) D. (ii) and (iii)					
69	While preparing a temporary stained mount of a leaf epidermal peel, the extra stain is removed by					
	A. washing with water B. washing with calcium chloride solution					
	C. soaking with filter paper D. absorbing with cotton wool					
70	The neurons that carry nerve impulse from spinal cord to effectors are called					
	A.Sensory neurons B. Motor neurons C. Interneurons D.Spinal neurons					
71	Electrical impulse travels in a neuron from:					
	A. Dendrite → Axon → axon end → cell body					
	B. Cell body \rightarrow dendrite \rightarrow axon \rightarrow axon end					
	C. Dendrite \rightarrow cell body \rightarrow axon \rightarrow axon end					
	D. Axon end \rightarrow axon \rightarrow cell body \rightarrow dendrite					
72	In a neuron the conversion of electric signal to a chemical signal occurs: A. Dendrite end B. cell body C. axon end D. Myelin sheath					
73	The olfactory receptors in humans are located in					
73	A. Eyes B. Tongue C.Ears D.Nose					
74	the contraction of pupil of the eye in response to bright light is an example of					
	A. Voluntary reflex B.Spinal reflex C.cerebral reflex D.Adrenal reflex					
75	Which of the following statements is correct about receptors? A. Gustatory receptors detect taste while olfactory receptors detect smell					
	B. Both gustatory and olfactory receptors detect smell					
	C. Auditory receptors detect smell and olfactory receptors detect taste					
	D. Olfactory receptors detect taste and gustatory receptors smell					
76	Input and output nerves meet at					
	A. Liver B. CNS C.muscles D.heart					
77	Any change in the environment to which an organism responds is called					
	A. stimulus B. coordination C. response D. hormone					
78	Assertion: Impulse travels from dendrite to cell body and then along the axon to its end.					
	Reason: Information acquired at the end of the dendrite tip of a nerve cell sets of an electric impulse.					

	A.Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.					
	B. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.					
	C. A is true but R is false.					
	D. A is false but R is true.					
	E.Both A and R are false					
79	Name the substances whose build up in the muscles during vigorous physical exercise may cause					
	cramps?					
	A. Ethanol + Carbon dioxide + Energy B. Lactic acid + Energy					
	C. Carbon dioxide + Water + Energy .D. Pyruvate					
80	,					
00	Which of the following are chiefly digested in the stomach?					
	A. Carbohydrates B. Proteins C Lipids D. Fats					
	Section C (Social Science)					
81	It is the decision - making body for the entire village:					
	a) State government b) Gram panchayat c) Mayor d) Zilla parishad					
82	Rural local government is popularly known by the name of:					
	a) block level b) state level c) national level d) panchayati raj					
83	How many languages are accepted in the Indian constitution?					
	a) 21 b) 20 c) 28 d) 22					
84	A government formed by the coming together of at least two political parties refers to:					
	a) opposition government b) federation government					
	c) coalition government d) cooperative government					
85	Which of the following is a subject of the Union List?					
	a) Agriculture b) Defence c) Education d) Trade					
86	Which of the following is a subject of the State List?					
	a) Banking b) Commerce c) Foreign Affairs d) Currency					
87	is the political head of the municipality.					
	a) Sarpanch b) Municipal chairperson c) Panch d) District Collector					
88	Which among the following are the three lists in Constitution?					
	a) Concurrent List b) State List c) Union List d)All of these					
89	Which one of the following is a private sector industry?					
	a) TISCO b) OIL c) SAIL d) BHEL					
90	Which one of the following is an example of organized sector activities?					
	a) A teacher taking classes in a government school.					
	b) A handloom weaver working in her house.					
	c) A headload worker carrying cement.					
	d) A farmer irrigating his field.					
91	Which of the given activity is not from the secondary sector?					
	a) Construction b) Making our from sugarcane					
	c) Animal husbandry d) Cloth weaving					
92	A is a worker in a garment export industry of Jaipur. He gets facilities like health insurance,					
	provident fund, medical leave, etc.					
	In which one of the following sectors is A working?					
	a) Primary sector b) Non - Governmental sector c) Unorganized sector d) Organized sector					
93	Which of these is a feature of the organised sector?					
	a) Fixed no of working hours b) No provision for paid leave					
	c) Jobs are low paid and often not regular d) Job insecurity					

94	(0 , 6,1 7	(n 1)		Which one	e of the following pairs is correctly
	(Sector of the Economy)	+		matched?	21
	(A) Primary Sector	Tailor		a) Pair (B)) is correct.
	(B)Secondary Sector	Fisherman) is correct.
	(C) Tertiary Sector	Astronaut		, , ,) is correct.
	(D) Primary Sector	Courier		, , ,) is correct.
05	How can we increase en	mnlovment	in a semi - mi		, -2
95	a) Setting up a universit	1 2		etting up hospita	alc
	c) Setting up an IT com	•	,	etting up nospic	
06	Which of the following	<u> </u>			
96	a) National Rural Empl			=	Payment of Gratuity Act
	c) Factories Act	Oyment Gua	arantee Act	<i>'</i>	Inimum Wages Act
07	,	n or protect	hy which noo		ntrance to a shop, factory, or office is
97	referred to as:	on or protest	by which peo	pre block the er	itrance to a snop, factory, or office is
) riots	a) par	ndo	d) torget
00	/ ±	<u> </u>	c) para		d) target
98	One important feature of				
	a) Gandhiji's belief that		-		nome
	b) The large - scale par	_		-	
	c) The complete change			i society	
	d) Large - scale particip				
99	What did the Rowlatt A	_	esume?	h) Esusad usam	with and in the commen
	a) Forced manual labou		:414 4: -1	*	uitment in the army
100	c) Detention of politica	-		a) Equal pay i	For equal work
100	Who composed the song	=		1- \ NT-4	G
	a) Bankim Chandra Cha		,	b) Natesa	
101	c) Sarat Chandra Chatte	3	a tha farm dans	<u> </u>	ranath Tagore
101	_			_	Party within the Congress.
	a) Acharya Kripalani ar c) C.R. Das and Motila	• •	asii Narayaii		hatma Gandhi and Sardar Patel nandra Bose and Jawaharlal Nehru
100	,		o Ovedhe damine	<u> </u>	
102	Who led the peasants' r				
100	· ·	b) Jawahar l		Sardar Patel	d) Baba Ramchandra
103	Which one of the follow		ons is related		
	a) To arrest Sir John Sir			ŕ	rest Gandhiji
	c) To release the politic			d) To abolis	
104	_				on - Cooperation Movement?
	a) Lack of coordination			=	vanted to start Civil Disobedience
	c) An outbreak of viole				onalists persuaded Gandhiji
105	The tribals' chanting Gandhiji's name and raising slogans demanding 'Swatantra Bharat'as:				
	a) They were going beyond their own locality and emotionally identifying with an all - India				
	movement				
	b) The various ways in which 'Swaraj' was interpreted by different people				
	c) They were a unifying force of the Non - Cooperation Movement				
	d) It showed the greatness of Mahatma Gandhi				
106		d industriali	ists lost enthus	siasm for the Ci	vil Disobedience Movement
	because:				
	a) They lost faith in Ga	-			
	b) They were worried a	bout their so	elf - esteem		

	c) They were worriedabout prolonged disruption of business				
	d) They were frightened by the British repression				
107	What is JFM?				
	a) Joint Forest Management b) Joint Forest Means.				
	c) Judicial Forest Management d) Junior Forest Manager				
108	Which of the following are regarded as the most valuable forest?				
	a) Open forest b) Reserved forest c) Protected forest d) Unclassed forest				
109	Where is the BuxaTiger Reserve located?				
	a) Maharashtra b) Punjab c) West Bengal d) Madhya Pradesh				
110	Simlipal is located in the state of:				
	a) Jarkhand b) W. Bengal c) Orissa d) Bihar				
111	What is the Narmada Sagar project of Madhya Pradesh related to?				
	a) Protecting forests b) Plantation project c) Save river water d) Clearingof forests				
112	Which communities worship the Mahua and Kadamba trees during weddings?				
	a) Kumao b) Santhals c) Both Mundas and Santhals d) Mundas				
113	When was the Wildlife Protection Act implemented?				
	a) 1978 b) 1985 c) 1980 d) 1972				
114	In arid and semi - arid regions, agricultural fields were converted into rain - fed storage structures				
	that allowed the water to stand and moisten the soil like the				
	a) inundation channels b) 'guls' or 'kuls' c) 'khadins' and 'Johads' d) lakes				
115	By which year nearly two billion people will live in absolute water scarcity?				
	a) 2020 b) 2025 c) 2040 d) 2030				
116	Today, in western Rajasthan, sadly the practice of rooftop rainwater harvesting is on the decline as				
	plenty of water is available due				
	a) to the perennial Rajasthan Canal b) rivers c) to the tap connections d) dams construction				
117	It is a 200 - year - old system of tapping stream and spring water by using bamboo pipes in				
	Meghalaya.				
	a) bamboo drip irrigation system b) under ground water storage system				
110	c) roof top rain water harvesting d) rain water harvesting system of the earth's surface is covered with water.				
118	a) Two fourth b) One third c) One fourth d) Three fourth				
110	Which one of the following is the irrigation system in Meghalaya?				
119	a) To remove water from soil. b) To irrigate land only during rainy season.				
	c) To use bamboo drip irrigation system. d) To use large volumes of water for irrigation.				
120	Which one of the following statements is not an argument in favour of multipurpose river projects?				
120	a) Multi - purpose projects by regulating water flow helps to control floods				
	b) Multi - purpose projects bring water to those areas which suffer from water scarcity				
	c) Multi - purpose projects lead to large scale displacements and loss of livelihood				
	d) Multi - purpose projects generate electricity for our industries and our homes				
	", " 1 1 FJ O				